**Means Rotation (MR1)**
MR1 represents the maximum difference between two group means [1]. But researchers often investigate multiple variables at a time. There is no current way to define an ENA space to show the independent impact of multiple variables.

**Formula Rotation (F1)**
First, we generalize MR1 using a regression framework to model the direction of the effect of an arbitrary variable of interest through the high dimensional ENA space. MR1 is just a binary case of F1. In both, the y-axis is an orthogonal SVD of the x-axis. We are currently exploring uses of the F1 rotation to model continuous variables and to control for hierarchically nested data.

**Nested Axes**
Second, to model the independent impact of multiple variables, we choose a second direction of interest in the same manner as the first. We then reject that direction from the x-axis and use the result as the y-axis. In this way, the y-axis models the effect of a second variable of interest independent of the effect modeled on the x-axis.

**Example**
In the RescueShell Virtual Internship data packaged with rENA [2] there are two grouping variables, Condition and GameHalf. Using an MR1, the SVD (y-axis) cleanly separates the First and Second halves of the game, but only for those in the Second Game, even though there were qualitative differences. Using an F1, we can: tease out a second dimension of interest (GameHalf); control the x-axis for the effect modeled on the y-axis (slight differences along x-axis); and see what appears to be a small interaction effect between GameHalf and Condition.

**References**

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